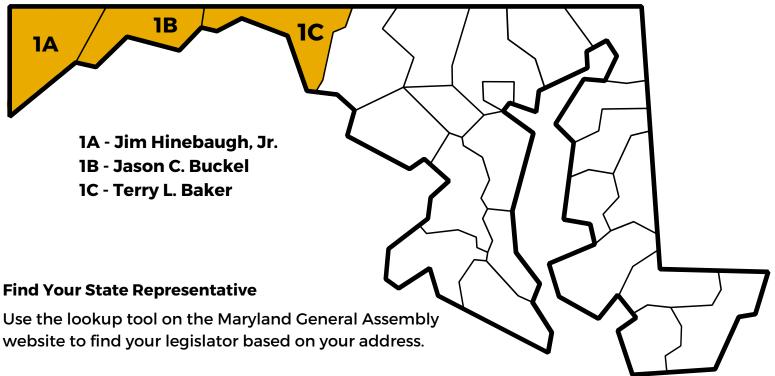




# **ADVOCACY GUIDE 2025**



# **Allegany County, MD Legislative Districts**



- 1. Go to https://mgaleg.maryland.gov/mgawebsite/Members/District
- 2. Click "Lookup" from the center of the page
- 3. Enter the address for either your residence or business based on your specific need

#### **Maryland Executive Branch**

Governor	Wes Moore
Lt. Governor	Aruna Miller
Attorney General	Anthony Brown
Comptroller	Brooke Lierman
Sec. of State	Susan Lee
Dept. of Planning	Rebecca Flora
Dept. of Aging	Carmel Roques
Dept. of Agriculture	Kevin Atticks
Dept. of Budget and Management	Helen Grady
Dept. of Commerce	Harry Coker Jr.
Dept. of Disabilities	Carol Beatty



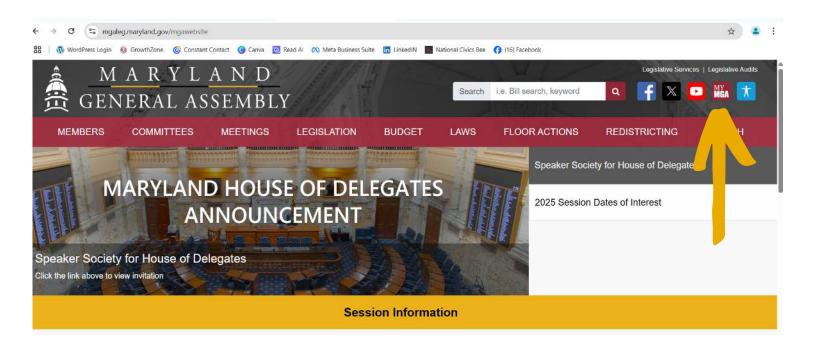
# **Maryland Executive Branch**

Dept. of Education	Dr. Carey Wright
Dept. of Emergency Management	Russell Strickland
Dept. of the Environment	Serena McIlwain
Dept. of General Services	Atif Chaudhry
Dept. of Health	Laura Herrera Scott, M.D.
Dept. Housing and Community Development	Jacob Day
Dept. of Human Services	Rafael Lopez
Dept. of Information Technology	Kaite Olson Savage
Dept. of Juvenile Services	Vincent Schiraldi
Dept. of Labor	Protia Wu, Esq.
Dept. of Natural Resources	Joshua Kurtz
Dept. of Public Safety & Correctional Services	Carolyn Scruggs
MD State Police	Colonel Roland Butler
Dept. of Transportation	Paul Wiedefeld
Dept. of Veterans and Military Families	Anthony Woods
Higher Education Commission	Dr. Sanjay Rai
Adjutant General of MD	Major General Janeen Birckhead
Office of Appointments	Tisha Edwards
Dept. of Service and Civic Innovation	Paul Monteiro Jr.
Governor's Office for Children	Carmel Martin



# **Maryland General Assembly Bill Information**

You can track bills introduced in the Maryland General Assembly from the Maryland General Assembly (MGA) website, <u>https://mgaleg.maryland.gov/mgawebsite/</u>. From this website, you can create a MyMGA account (free). The MyMGA Account allows you to track specific legislation, submit testimony for bills, or sign up to testify for hearings. **You must have a MyMGA account to upload testimony or signup to testify at hearings**.

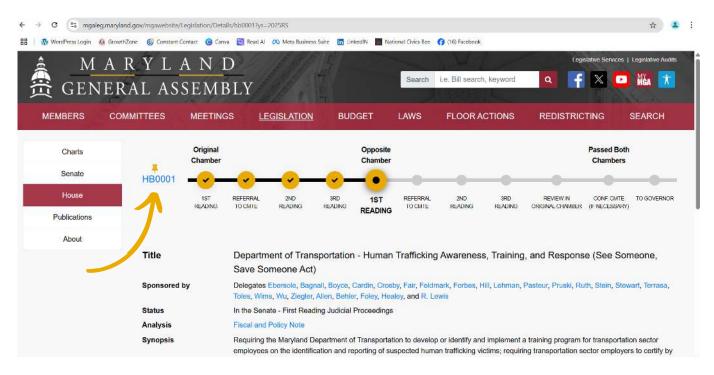


# **Read Proposed Legislation**

All bills introduced during the General Assembly session will be posted to the MGA website, typically the day after they are introduced. To view proposed legislation from the MGA website, click the link for "Legislation" in the top menu. From the left menu select either Senate or House to view the bills introduced in each house of the General Assembly. These pages will display a chart with 50 bills at a time. The Chart will display the Bill Number, Title, Sponsor, Current Status, Committee Assignment, Hearing Date and Time, and the Committee of the opposing house once it crosses over.



If you click the bill number, you will be shown more detailed information about the bill. This will include the additional information of a timeline of where the bill is in the process, all sponsors and co-sponsors, link to Fiscal and Policy Notes, a synopsis of the bill, bill administrative details, history, subjects contained in the bill, and a list of statutes affected by the bill.



To read the full text of the bill click the number to the left of the timeline. This will download a PDF version of the bill.

# **Creating a Bill Tracking List**

You can create a Bill Tracking List to monitor bills of interest to you. To create a list, click the My MGA button in the top right corner of the page. You will need to sign in. Click the "Bill Tracking Lists" option. On the Bill Tracking List page click "Add List" and follow the instructions to create a list.

To add a bill to the list, go the 'Bill Information' page (pictured above) and click the thumb tack icon above the bill number. You will have the option to add that bill to a list that you created. You must create the list before you can save the bill to the list.



# How to Interpret Legislation

Legislation is written in legal language as it will be written into the Annotate Code of Maryland, the set of last that govern the State. The bill may be a new law that does not modify existing las or a modification of an existing law already in the annotated code. Legislative language can at times be confusing for those of us without law degrees.

Below is a description of bill drafting procedures that will assist you in your review and interpretation of the legislation:

- lower case indicates existing law
- UPPER CASE indicates new text added to existing law
- [Brackets] indicate text deleted from existing law
- **<u>Underlining</u>** indicates new text amendments to the Bill
- Strike-out indicates text stricken from the Bill by amendment
- Italics indicate opposite Legislative Chamber or Conference Committee amendments

**NOTE**: On legislation that has been considered by both Chambers, several bill drafting procedures may appear in combination; review carefully.

# **Submitting Testimony and Witness Signup**

When you are ready to submit written testimony follow these steps:

â MA	RYLAN	D			Legisle	ative Services   Legislative Audits
				Search i.e. Bill search, keyw	rord 🔍 👎 👂	K 🕑 MKA 📩
CENE	RAL ASSEM	IBLY			MyMGA: andrea	@allegan MyMGA
MEMBERS C	OMMITTEES MEETI	NGS <u>LEGISLATION</u>	BUDGET	LAWS FLOOR ACT	IONS REDISTRICT	and the stand of t
Charts Senate	House Showing 1 to 50 of 1,563	ontrios			Print 😝 Filte	Witness Signup FAQ Char sword Edit Ca
Senate		entities				s o
House	Bill/Chapter (Cross/Chapter)	Title	Sponsor	11 Current Status	Org Committees & Hearings	Opp Cor ta a Hearings 11
Publications	HB0001 (SB0007)	Department of Transportation -	Delegate	In the Senate - First	Environment and	Judicial Procee
About		Human Trafficking Awareness, Ebersole Training, and Response (See Someone, Save Someone Act)		Reading Judicial Proceedings	Transportation 1/24/2025 - 2:30 PM	
	HB0002 (SB0024)	Annotated Code - Terminology - Clergy and Churches, Faith	Delegate Stewart	In the House - Hearing 3/03 at 12:00 p.m.	Rules and Executive Nominations	
		Institutions, and Places of Worship			3/03/2025 - 12:00 PM	
	HB0003 (SB0047)	State Board of Physical Therapy Examiners - Revisions	Delegate Bagnall	In the Senate - First Reading Finance	Health and Government Operations	Finance
					1/28/2025 - 2:00 PM	

1) Sign into your 'My MGA Account'



2) After signing in, click on the witness signup.

Maryland Tourism Coalition X	IIII MTC Advocacy Guide 2025_up 🗙 🔯 MyMGA	- Witness Signup X +		- o x
← → ♂ 😨 mgaleg.maryland.g	ov/mgawebsite/MyMGATracking/WitnessSignup			x) 🌢 i
🔠 🕴 🚯 WordPress Login 🛛 🤹 GrowthZon	e 🎯 Constant Contact 🔞 Canva 🔯 Read Al 🔗	) Meta Business Suite 🛛 📊 LinkedIN	National Civics Bee 🕜 (16) Facebook	
Δ M A R	ŶLAND	Electric I		Logislative Services   Logislative Audits
	AL ASSEMBLY		Search i.e. Bill search, keyword	A State of the second s
MEMBERS COMM	ITTEES MEETINGS LEGI	SLATION BUDGET	LAWS FLOOR ACTIONS	REDISTRICTING SEARCH
Bill Tracking Lists	Wite s Signup			
Witness Signup	Signed Up Items	Committees All	~	
FAQ				
Change Password			SENATE	
Edit Account		Budget	and Taxation Committee	
Cancel Account	Wednesday, March 12, 2	2025 - 3:00 PM		
Sign Out	SB1045	Senator Hettleman	Sales and Use Tax - Taxable Busines	s Services - Alterations
	Allegany County Chamber of Co	Unfavorable	~ Written ~	View File(s)
		Education, Energ	y, and the Environment Committee	

# 3) Scroll down to the appropriate Committee.

👻 🎯 Maryland Tourism Coalition 🛛 🗙 📗	MTC Advocacy Guide 2025_upc × MyMC	A - Witness Signup 🛛 🗙 📑				– m ×
← → C 🔄 mgaleg.maryland.gov	/mgawebsite/MyMGATracking/WitnessSignup					☆ 😩 :
🔠   🐠 WordPress Lagin 🛛 😵 GrowthZone	Constant Contact 🙁 Canva 🔯 Read Al	🕫 Meta Business Suite 🛛 🖬 Linke	dIN 📕 National Civics Bee 👩 (1	16) Facebook		
	Y L <u>a n d</u> L assembly		Search i.e. Bill	l search, keyword	Legislative Servi	
MEMBERS COMMIT	TEES MEETINGS LEO	SISLATION BUDG	GET LAWS F	LOOR ACTIONS	REDISTRICTING	SEARCH
	Vitness Signup Save Cancel Signed Up Items	Committees All		•		
Change Password			SENATE			
Edit Account		Bud	get and Taxation	ttee		
Cancel Account	Wednesday, March 12,	2025 - 3:00 PM				
Sign Out	<ul> <li>SB1045</li> <li>Allegany County Chamber of Co</li> </ul>	Senator Hettleman	Sales and Use	: - Taxable Business	Services - Alterations	w File(s)
		Education, Er	ergy, and the Environr	ment Committee		
40°F Sunny	Q Search	· · · · ·	# 📀 🛥 📮 🖀	i 🖷 🦸 🔮		9:36 AM 3/11/2025



4) Click on the box to the left of Bill Number for the bill for which you wish to provide testimony,

- fill in organization box
  - fill in your position
  - click on the desired testimony option
  - upload PDF file to the right of testimony box
  - then hit the SAVE icon in the top left of the page

## **Testimony and Witness Sign Up Timelines**

In 2025 both the House and Senate adopted the same rules for witness sign and testimony submission. Sign up will open two (2) business days prior to the Hearing. The sign up will be open from 8:00AM - until 6:00PM on that given day. Committees may also adopt rules that limit the number of witnesses for a given bill Bills that were introduced in the 2024 Session may be limited to "Sponsor Only" or "Sponsor and 2 Favorable and 2 Unfavorable" witnesses only. If you sign up to be a witness, you will receive an email 24 hours in advance of the hearing notifying you if you were selected to be a witness for that hearing.

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
	Hearing	Hearing	Hearing	Hearing	Hearing
Witness and Written Testimony Sign Up Period	Thursday from 8AM-6PM	Friday from 8Am-6PM	Monday from 8AM- 6PM	Tuesday from 8AM- 6PM	Wednesday from 8AM- 6PM

## Witness and Testimony Guidelines

Oral Testimony

- Although witnesses are strongly encouraged to provide in-person oral testimony, to include as many citizens as possible in the legislative process, up to 14 members of the public may provide virtual oral testimony via Zoom per bill.
- Committees may limit oral testimony based on the number of bills being heard and the number of witnesses signed up to testify. If that situation arises, committees will notify witnesses.
- For bills the committee heard and voted out unanimously during the 2024 Maryland General Assembly, committees will only hear oral testimony from the bill sponsor.
- For any other bills that the committees heard during the 2024 Maryland General Assembly, committees will hear from two proponents and two opponents
- Witnesses must designate whether they will testify in person or by Zoom.
   Witnesses may not change their oral testimony designation (virtual or in-person) after the signup system closes, even if they are not selected for virtual testimony.



- Witness testimony via pre-recorded video will not be allowed
- Late witness sign-up will not be allowed, but late written testimony may be sent to the committee up until the time of the hearing.
- Witness testimony will be timed. Witnesses should plan to conclude their testimony at the two-minute (2:00) mark, but the allotted times will be at the discretion of the committee chair.
- Witnesses who provide in-person oral testimony will be called to testify before witnesses providing testimony via Zoom. Any changes to this format will be at the discretion of the committee chair.
- Witnesses who wish to share an audio-visual presentation with the committee are strongly encouraged to upload the presentation as written testimony. For witnesses providing in-person testimony, showing the audio-visual presentation during the bill hearing will be at the discretion of the committee chair. Please check with the committee manager for each committee's policy. Witnesses providing testimony via Zoom will not be permitted to show an audio-visual presentation during their testimony.
- Typically, committee members will ask questions after the conclusion of a witness's testimony. However, any changes to this format are at the discretion of the committee chair.

Zoom Instructions

- Zoom links will ONLY be sent to witnesses selected to testify who chose "virtual oral" or "virtual both" when they signed up to testify on a bill.
- Zoom links will be sent from noreply@mlis.state.md.us by 12:00PM. on the day of the scheduled bill hearing.
- If a witness is NOT selected to testify, the witness will receive an email from noreply@mlis.state.md.us to inform the witness they were not selected.
- The Zoom link is confidential and should not be shared.
- Witnesses must log into Zoom with their first and last names, so committee staff are able to quickly identify the user and admit them into the meeting at the appropriate time. Witnesses who do not log into Zoom with their first and last name may miss their opportunity to testify.
- Zoom witnesses should follow the hearings via the MGA website to know when the bill they are testifying is going to be called by the committee chair and should log into Zoom when the bill before the bill is called.
- When testifying, witnesses must have their camera on.
- After the committee chair indicates that there are no further questions, the witness should exit the Zoom meeting, or they will be logged out by committee staff.



Written Testimony

- Any written testimony submitted toe a committee is public testimony and therefore accessible to the public and cannot be removed.
- Written testimony MUST be in a PDF format to be uploaded.
- Accommodations
  - For Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) requests, please contact the committee directly.
  - For an MGA sign language interpretation request, please request sign language interpretation at least 5-7 business days in advance of the event by filling out the following form: Request Sign Language Interpretation Form. The committee will attempt to arrange interpreters on shorter notice but cannot guarantee availability; interpreters are not generally available on an emergency or short-notice basis.

## Voting

- The committee voting schedule is at the discretion of the committee chair and will depend on the workload of the committee.
- Voting sessions and voting lists will be available in the MGA hearing schedule 24 hours in advance of a voting session, when feasible.
- All voting sessions will be live streamed via the MGA website, when feasible.
- Committees will publish the outcome of a voting session int he MGA hearing schedule within 24 hours after a voting session and on the bill page on the MGA website after the committee issues its voting report.



## Written Testimony Example

(Should be written on an organization letterhead if sent on behalf of a company, association, organization, etc.)

January 17, 2025

The Honorable C.T. Wilson, Chair House Economic Matters Committee

#### Re: House Bill 29 - Electronic Payment Transactions-Interchange Fees - Calculation and Use of Data

**Position: Oppose** 

Dear Chair Wilson and Vice Chair Crosby,

On behalf of (insert organization), I am writing to express our opposition to House Bill 29. (Insert City or County) is one of Maryland's most popular tourist destinations, and the success of our tourism industry is directly tied to the convenience and efficiency of the electronic payments systems that visitors and residents rely on every day. WE strongly believe that the provisions outlined in House Bill 29 that require a separation of a nearly every electronic payment transaction into multiple parts could negatively affect not only the tourism sector but also the broader economy.

In 2024, over \_\_\_\_\_ million people visited (Insert Jurisdiction Name), generating significant economic impact for our local businesses, including hotels, restaurants, shops, and attractions. The majority of these visitors use credit cards for their travel-related purchases, including booking accommodations, dining, and enjoying local experiences. These transactions help support local jobs and contribute directly to the economic vitality of our community.

The credit card reward programs, such as airline miles and travel points, are an important incentive for consumers to visit our area. For many, these rewards make travel more affordable and convenient, and, as a result, they drive visitor spending here in (Insert Jurisdiction Name) and the surrounding areas. In fact, the loyalty programs tied to credit cards and travel-related purchases encourage repeat visits and help bring new visitors, all of which is critical to the continued growth of our tourism sector.

Requiring the separation of electronic payment transactions into multiple parts, as proposed in HB 29, introduces unnecessary complexity and risk. These changes could disrupt the smooth operation of our existing payment systems, potentially deterring visitors from using their credit cards as they normally would. For all these reasons, we respectfully request an unfavorable report and thank you for your dedicated support to the tourism industry.

Kind Regards, (Signature)

Your Name Title Contact Information (if you wish to share this, as your testimony will become public record)



## Addressing Public Figures

Elected officials bear the "Honorable" address. Cabinet members are appointed and therefore do not bear the "Honorable" address.

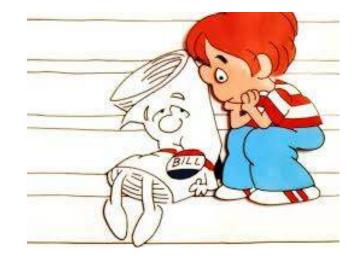
Note: Former officeholders and secretaries retain their honorifics after serving. Refer to them by the last office or position they held.

Position	In Writing	Position	Position
Governor	The Honorable (Full Name) Governor of Maryland	Dear Governor (last name)	Governor (last name)
Lt. Governor	The Honorable (Full Name) Lt. Governor of Maryland	Dear Lt. Governor (last name)	Lt. Governor (last name)
Attorney General	Attorney General, State of Maryland	Dear Mr./Mrs./Ms. Attorney General (last name)	Attorney Ceneral (last name)
Cabinet Secretary	Mr./Mrs./Ms. (Full Name) Secretary of (department)	Dear Mr./Mrs./Ms. Secretary (last name)	Secretary (last name)
US Senator	The Honorable Senator (Full Name) of Maryland	Dear Senator (last name)	Senator (last name)
Congressman	The Honorable Representative (Full Name) of Maryland	Dear Congressman/ Congresswoman (last name)	Congressman/ Congresswoman (last name)
State Senator	The Honorable (Full Name) Maryland Senator	Dear Senator (last name)	Senator (last name)
State Delegate	The Honorable (Full Name)	Dear Delegate (last name)	Delegate (last name)
Mayor	The Honorable (Full Name) Mayor of (City Name)	Dear Mayor (last name)	Mayor (last name)
County Executive	The Honorable (Full Name) County Executive of (County Name)	Dear County Executive (last name)	County Executive (last name)
County/City Council	The Honorable (Full Name)	Dear Councilman/ Councilwoman (last name)	Councilman/Councilwoman (last name)



# **The Legislative Process**

After the Department of Legislative Services drafts legislation in the form of a bill or a joint resolution, the sponsor files it ("drops it into the hopper") with the Secretary of the Senate or the Chief Clark of the House of Delegates. The bill or resolution is numbered, stamped for approval and codification by the Department of Legislative Services, and printed for first reading (Senate Rule 26; House Rule 26). Senate bills or the House on blue paper.



The Constitution of Maryland requires that before any bill becomes law, it must be read on three different days in each legislative chamber, for a total of six readings. A bill may not be read for the third time in its 'House of Origin' until it has been reprinted. The Constitution also specifies that a bill must be passed in each house by a majority vote of the total membership, and the final vote on third membership, and the final vote on third reading in each house must be recorded.

# Introduction of the Bill (1st Reading of the Bill)

A bill may be introduced throughout the ninety days of a legislative session, but the later a bill is introduced, the more difficult its passage becomes. Any Senate bill introduced after the 24th calendar day of a session must be referred to the <u>Senate Rules Committee</u>, cannot be required to be returned to the floor except by a two-thirds vote of the membership, and may not be petitioned from the Rules Committee (Senate Rule 32). A House bill introduced after the 31st calendar day must be referred to the House Rules and Executive Nominations Committee, requires a two-thirds cote to be returned tot he floor, and cannot be petitioned from the Rules and Executive Nominations Committee (House Rule 32). For a bill to be introduced during the last 35 days of a session, the rules must be suspended by a two-thirds vote (Const., Art. III, sec. 27). Except for the annual budget bill and bills creating or amending State debts, a House bill that crosses over to the Senate after the 26th day.



# **COMMITTEES**

The committee system of the General Assembly is a vital part of the legislative process. After introduction, a bill is assigned to a standing committee for review.

Senate Standing Committees	House Standing Committees
Budget & Taxation Committee	Appropriations Committee
Education, Energy & the Environment Committee	Economic Matters Committee
Executive Nominations Committee	Environment & Transportation Committee
Finance Committee	Health & Government Operations Committee
Judicial Proceedings Committee	Judiciary Committee
Rules Committee	Rules & Executive Nominations Committee
	Ways & Means Committee

Rules of each house require that every bill or joint resolution, with one exception, be referred to a standing committee after first reading (Senate Rule 33; House Rule 33). Standing committees are defined as those committees set forth in the Rules of the Senate or the Rules of the House of Delegates (Code State Government Article, sec, 2-10(f)). Their primary function is to consider all bills, or draft laws, referred to them by the Senate President or House Speaker. To review proposed legislation, the Senate has four standing committees, and the House has six such committees (Senate Rule 18; House Rule 18).

At the beginning of each session, the Senate President and House Speaker name the chairs, vice-chairs, and members of standing committees. A senator or delegate may not be appointed to more than one standing committee whose main function is to consider legislation. The Senate or House of Delegates may suspend rules in order to consider a bill or resolution without referring it to a standing committee as long as each member receives a copy of the bill or resolution to be so considered (Senate Rule 33(f); House Rule 33(f)).



The fate of most legislative proposals is determined within the standing committee to which they are assigned. Committees hold a public hearing on each bill or joint resolution assigned to them. During session, the Department of Legislative Services issues a weekly hearing schedule so that those interested may testify for or against proposed legislation. The Department of Legislative Services prepares a fiscal and policy analysis for each bill, and these fiscal and policy notes are considered during committee deliberations. To gauge a bill's economic impact on small business, the Department of Legislative Services (1997) also prepares an economic analysis and rating for each proposal introduced by a member of the General Assembly

At the committee hearing, testimony usually is heard from the bill's sponsor and other proponents and opponents of the bill. Testimony and further consideration may result in amendments to the bill made by the committee. The final vote of the committee is recorded by member, and may be favorable (with or without amendment), unfavorable, or without recommendation. Having been "voted out of committee," the bill now returns to the floor of its chamber or origin accompanied by a report of committee action.

<u>Select Committees or Delegations.</u> Bills having a purely local impact are referred to select committees or delegations. A select committee usually is composed of a county's delegation in the House or its senators, with other members appointed as necessary to make up the minimum number of three. Counties without home rule keep their select committees busy.

# Consideration of the Committee Report (2nd Reading of the Bill)

After consideration of committee amendments, the bill is then open to amendment from the floor. There, committee action may be reversed, although this happens infrequently. Second reading is completed when the presiding officer orders the bill, with any adopted amendments, printed for third reading.

## Floor Vote on the Bill (3rd Reading of the Bill)

No amendments may be presented on third reading. In the chamber or origin, a recorded vote is taken to pass or reject the bill. To pass, the bill must receive a majority vote of the elected membership.



## Second Chamber

After passage by the first chamber, the bill is sent of the opposite chamber, has its first reading, and is assigned to a committee for consideration. The procedure followed is identical with that of the first chamber except that amendments may be proposed during second and third readings. If not amended int eh second chamber, final passage may occur without reprinting.

If amended in the second chamber, the bill is returned to the chamber of origin so that house may consider the amendments. If the amendments are agreed to, the bill is voted on as amended and action is complete. The bill is reprinted, or "enrolled," to include the added amendments before being submitted to the Governor.

If the amendments are rejected, the amending chamber may be asked to withdraw its amendments. If it refuses, either chamber may request that conference committee be appointed to resolve the differences between the two chambers.

## **Conference Committee**

Appointed by the Senate President and the House Speaker, a conference committee consists of three members of each house. The committee sends a report of its recommendations to each chamber which then can adopt or reject it. If the report is adopted, the bill is voted upon for final passage in each house. If the report is rejected by either house, the bill fails.

## **Consent Calendar**

The consent calendar is a list of bills to be read and voted upon as a group (Const., Art. II, sec. 17; Art. III, secs. 27, 28). The Senate and the House of Delegates may adopt a "consent calendar" procedure if members of each house receive reasonable notice of the bills placed on each consent calendar. This procedure expedites the legislative process. In 1988, the Senate revised its rules to place bills and joint resolutions on consent calendars by category as they are voted out of committee (Senate Rule 55). The House of Delegates still retains a Consent Calendars Committee to determine which bills and joint resolutions may be included on consent calendars (House Rules 18 and 55).



## **Effective Date of Laws**

All bills passed by the General Assembly become law when signed by the Governor, or when passed over the Governor's veto by three-fifths of the membership of each house. According to the Constitution, laws thus approved take effect on the first day of June after the session in which they were passed, except when a later date is specified int eh act, or the bill is declared an emergency measure. For many years, most laws took effect July 1. During the 1992 Session, however, October 1 began to be used as the standard effective date for legislation, coinciding with the start of the federal government's fiscal year. Emergency bills, passed by three-fifths of the total number of members of each house, become law immediately upon their approval by the Governor.

All passed bills, except the budget bill and constitutional amendments, must be presented to the Governor within twenty days following adjournments of a session. The Governor may veto such bills within thirty days after presentation. If a passed bill is not vetoed, it becomes law. The budget bill, however, becomes law upon its final passage and cannot be vetoed. Constitutional amendments also cannot be vetoed; they become law only upon their ratification by the voters at the next general election.

## **Vetoed Bills**

The power to override a veto rests with the General Assembly. If the Governor vetoes a bill during a regular session, the General Assembly immediately considers the Governor's veto message. If the Governor vetoes a bill presented after the session, the veto message must be considered immediately at the next regular or special session of the legislature. The General Assembly may not override a veto during the first year of a new legislative term since the bill would have been passed by the previous legislature (Const., Art. II, sec. 17). A three-fifths vote of the elected membership of both chambers is necessary to override a veto.



## The Progress of a Bill Diagram

